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SEC	TION 1: Io	dentification of the	ne substance/mix	ture and of the comp	pany/undertaking
1.1.		dentifiers . (manufacturer/sup ne/designation	oplier)	374 BRILAC Härter	
1.2.	Relevant	identified uses of	the substance or r	nixture and uses advise	ed against
1.3.	Coating m	identified uses: naterial to protecting	g surfaces e safety data sheel		
1.5.			orter/downstream		
	Knuchel F Farben + Steinacke	arben AG Lacke		Telephone: +41 (0) Telefax: +41 (0) 32 6	
	laboratory	ent responsible for Manager Impetent person)	r information:	info@knuchel.ch	
1.4.	-	cy telephone num cy telephone numbe		145 (+41 (0)44 251	51 51)
SEC	TION 2: H	azards identifica	ation		
2.1.	Classifica	ation of the substa	nce or mixture		
	Classifica	ation according to	Regulation (EC) N	o 1272/2008 [CLP]	
	The mixtu	re is classified as h	azardous according	to regulation (EC) No 12	272/2008 [CLP].
	Flam. Liq. Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Irrit. 2 Skin Sens STOT SE STOT RE	2 / H315 2 / H319 5. 1 / H317 3 / H335	Flammable liquid Skin corrosion/irr Serious eye dam Respiratory or sk STOT-single exp STOT-repeated e	itation age/eye irritation in sensitisation osure	Flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	Asp. Tox. Aquatic C	1 / H304 hronic 3 / H412	Aspiration hazard Hazardous to the	aquatic environment	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
2.2.	Label ele	ments			
			ulation (EC) No. 12	72/2008 [CLP]	
	Hazard p	ictograms	Dan	ger	
	Hazard st H226 H315 H319 H317	Cause Cause	nable liquid and vapo s skin irritation. s serious eye irritati	on.	

- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

- P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P103 Read carefully and follow all instructions.
- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.
- P242 Use non-sparking tools.
- P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

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	P260		Do not bre	eathe vapour.		
	P261		Avoid brea	athing vapours.		
	P264		Wash har	nds thoroughly after handlin	ng.	
	P271		Use only of	outdoors or in a well-ventila	ated area.	
	P272		Contamin	ated work clothing should	not be allowed out o	f the workplace.
	P273		Avoid rele	ease to the environment.		
	P280		Wear prot	tective gloves and eye/face	e protection.	
	P301 + P31	0	IF SWALL	_OWED: Immediately call a	a POISON CENTER	or doctor/physician.
	P302 + P35			IN: Wash with plenty of so		
	P303 + P36	61 + P353	IF ON SK	IN (or hair): Take off imme	diately all contamina	ated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
	P304 + P34	0	IF INHALE	ED: Remove person to free	sh air and keep com	fortable for breathing.
	P305 + P35	51 + P338	IF IN EYE	S: Rinse cautiously with w	ater for several minu	utes. Remove contact lenses, if present and
				 Continue rinsing. 		
	P312		Call a PO	ISON CENTER or doctor/p	hysician if you feel u	unwell.
	P331			nduce vomiting.		
	P333 + P31	3		ation or rash occurs: Get n		tion.
	P337 + P31	3		ation persists: Get medical		
	P362 + P36	64		contaminated clothing and		
	P370 + P37	'8		f fire: Use extinguishing por		
	P403 + P23	3		well-ventilated place. Kee		osed.
	P403 + P23	5	Store in a	well-ventilated place. Kee	p cool.	
	P405		Keep lock	ked up.		
	P501		Dispose c	of contents/container to ind	ustrial incineration p	lant.
	Hazard cor	nponents	for labelli	ng		
			Isophoron	ne diisocyanate oligomer		
			Xylene	, .		
			dipentene	2		
			4-isocyan	atosulphonyltoluene		
	Supplemer	ntal hazar	d informat	ion		
	EUH204			isocyanates. May produce	an allergic reaction.	
2.3.	Other haza	rds				

2.3. Other hazards

No information available.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Description polyisocyanate hardener, containing the following hazardous substances:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

EC No. CAS No.	REACH No. Designation	weight-%
Index No.	classification // Remark	
215-535-7	01-2119488216-32	
1330-20-7	Xylene	25 - 40
601-022-00-9	Acute Tox. 4 H312 / Acute Tox. 4 H332 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / STOT SE 3 H335 / STOT RE 2 H373 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / Flam. Liq. 3 H226	
203-603-9	01-2119475791-29	
108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	15 - 25
607-195-00-7	Flam. Liq. 3 H226	
	Substance with a common (EC) occupational exposure limit value.	
500-125-5	01-2119488734-24	
53880-05-0	Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer	15 - 25
	Skin Sens. 1 H317 / STOT SE 3 H335	
202-849-4	01-2119489370-35	
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	5 - 10
601-023-00-4	Flam. Liq. 2 H225 / Acute Tox. 4 H332 / STOT RE 2 H373 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304	
204-658-1	01-2119485493-29	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	1 - 5
607-025-00-1	Flam. Liq. 3 H226 / STOT SE 3 H336 / EUH066	

cle No.: t date: sion:	374 26.12.2022 8.0	BRILAC Härter Revision date: 10.12.2022 Issue date: 10.12.2022	EN Page 3 / 17	
265-199-0 64742-95- 649-356-0	-6 Hydr)0-4 Flam	119455851-35 ocarbons, C9, aromatics . Liq. 3 H226 / Asp. Tox. 1 H304 / 6 / Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	STOT SE 3 H335 / STOT SE 3	1 - 5
223-810-8 4083-64-1 615-012-0	l 4-iso 00-7 Skin H317 Spec	119980050-47 cyanatosulphonyltoluene Irrit. 2 H315 / Eye Irrit. 2 H319 / Re / / STOT SE 3 H335 / EUH014 ific concentration limit (SCL): Eye Irrit. 5 >= 5 / Skin Irrit. 2 H315 >= 5		0.5 - 1
205-341-0 138-86-3 601-029-0	diper 00-7 Skin	itene Irrit. 2 H315 / Skin Sens. 1 H317 / nic 1 H410 / Flam. Liq. 3 H226	Aquatic Acute 1 H400 / Aquatic	0.1 - 0.5

Additional information

Full text of classification: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness give nothing by mouth, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

In case of inhalation

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration.

Following skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Do not use solvents or thinners.

After eye contact

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical advice immediately.

Following ingestion

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Seek medical advice immediately. Keep victim calm. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

First Aid, decontamination, treatment of symptoms.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, Powder, spray mist, (water)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

strong water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Dense black smoke occurs during fire. Inhaling hazardous decomposing products can cause serious health damage.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Provide a conveniently located respiratory protective device. Cool closed containers that are near the source of the fire. Do not allow water used to extinguish fire to enter drains, ground or waterways.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep away from sources of ignition. Ventilate affected area. Do not breathe vapours.

6.2. Environmental precautions

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Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up 6.3.

Isolate leaked material using non-flammable absorption agent (e.g. sand, earth, vermiculit, diatomaceous earth) and collect it for disposal in appropriate containers in accordance with the local regulations (see section 13). Clean using cleansing agents. Do not use solvents.

Reference to other sections 6.4.

Observe protective provisions (see section 7 and 8).

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling 7.1.

Advices on safe handling

Avoid formation of flammable and explosive vapour concentrations in the air and exceeding the exposure limit values. Only use the material in places where open light, fire and other flammable sources can be kept away. Electrical equipment must be protected meeting the accepted standard. Product may become electrostatically charged. Provide earthing of containers, equipment, pumps and ventilation facilities. Anti-static clothing including shoes are recommended. Floors must be electrically conductive. Keep away from heat sources, sparks and open flames. Use only spark proof tools. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes. Do not inhale dusts, particulates and spray mist when using this preparation. Avoid respiration of swarf. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Personal protection equipment: refer to section 8. Do not empty containers with pressure no pressure vessel! Always keep in containers that correspond to the material of the original container. Follow the legal protection and safety regulations.

Further information

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours form explosive mixtures with air.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities 7.2.

Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Storage in accordance with the Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health (BetrSiVO). Keep container tightly closed. Do not empty containers with pressure - no pressure vessel! Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks. Soils have to conform to the "Guidelines for avoidance of ignition hazards due to electrostatic charges (TRGS 727)".

Hints on joint storage

Keep away from strongly acidic and alkaline materials as well as oxidizers.

Further information on storage conditions

Take care of instructions on label. Store in a well-ventilated and dry room at temperatures between 15 °C and 30 °C. Protect from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Remove all sources of ignition. Smoking is forbidden. Access only for authorised persons. Store carefully closed containers upright to prevent any leaks.

Specific end use(s) 7.3

Observe technical data sheet. Observe instructions for use.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limit values:

Xylene Index No. 601-022-00-9 / EC No. 215-535-7 / CAS No. 1330-20-7 WEL. TWA: 220 mg/m3: 50 ppm WEL, STEL: 441 mg/m3; 100 ppm Remark: (may be absorbed through the skin) BMGV, TWA: 650 mmol/mol creatinine Remark: methyl hippuric acid; urine; end of exposure or end of shift 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Index No. 607-195-00-7 / EC No. 203-603-9 / CAS No. 108-65-6 WEL, TWA: 274 mg/m3; 50 ppm

WEL, STEL: 548 mg/m3; 100 ppm Remark: (may be absorbed through the skin)

Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer EC No. 500-125-5 / CAS No. 53880-05-0

WEL, TWA: 0.02 mg/m3

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BMGV,	STEL: 0.07 mg/m3 , TWA: 1 μmol/mol c		and of ohift
ethylben	izene	ed diamine; urine; end of exposure or	
WEL, 1 WEL, S	FWA: 441 mg/m3; 10 FWA: 441 mg/m3; 10 STEL: 552 mg/m3; 12 k: (may be absorbed	00 ppm 25 ppm	
Hydroca	rbons, C9, aromatics	•	5-6
	FWA: 500 mg/m3 k: (Aromatics)		
TWA : L STEL : s	÷ .	al exposure limit value nal exposure limit value	
DNEL:			
DNEL DNEL ; DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL ; DNEL ; DNEL	long-term dermal (sy acute inhalative (loca acute inhalative (sys long-term inhalative long-term inhalative long-term oral (repea long-term dermal (sy acute inhalative (loca acute inhalative (sys long-term inhalative	No. 215-535-7 / CAS No. 1330-20-7 rstemic), Workers: 212 mg/kg bw/day al), Workers: 442 mg/m ³ temic), Workers: 442 mg/m ³ (local), Workers: 221 mg/m ³ ated), Consumer: 12,5 mg/kg bw/day rstemic), Consumer: 125 mg/kg bw/day rstemic), Consumer: 260 mg/m ³ temic), Consumer: 260 mg/m ³ (local), Consumer: 65,3 mg/m ³ (systemic), Consumer: 65,3 mg/m ³	
DNEL DNEL DNEL	o. 601-023-00-4 / EC long-term dermal (sy long-term inhalative long-term oral (repea	No. 202-849-4 / CAS No. 100-41-4 rstemic), Workers: 180 mg/kg bw/day (systemic), Workers: 77 mg/m³ ated), Consumer: 1,6 mg/kg bw/day (systemic), Consumer: 15 mg/m³	
DNEL DNEL DNEL NOAE DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL NOAE	 b. 601-029-00-7 / EC long-term dermal (log long-term inhalative C long-term inhalative Long term dermal (log long-term oral (repeation) long-term dermal (log long-term dermal (log long-term dermal (sy long-term inhalative 	K No. 205-341-0 / CAS No. 138-86-3 cal), Workers: 0,8 mg/kg bw/day rstemic), Workers: 0,8 mg/kg bw/day (systemic), Workers: 5,69 mg/m ³ e (systemic), Workers: 142 mg/m ³ systemic), Workers: 142 mg/kg bw/day cated), Consumer: 0,3 mg/kg bw/day cal), Consumer: 0,3 mg/kg bw/day rstemic), Consumer: 0,3 mg/kg bw/day (local), Consumer: 1 mg/m ³ (systemic), Consumer: 1 mg/m ³ e (systemic), Consumer: 102 mg/kg bw/day stemic), Consumer: 102 mg/kg bw/day	y /day
DNEL : DNEL DNEL	o. 607-025-00-1 / EC short-term oral (acut long-term inhalative	(systemic), Workers: 480 mg/m³ (systemic), Consumer: 102,34 mg/m³	

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DNEL DNEL	long-term oral (repea long-term dermal (sy	No. 203-603-9 / CAS No. 108-65-6 ted), Workers: 1,67 mg/kg stemic), Workers: 54,8 mg/kg systemic), Workers: 33 mg/m³		
EC No.	one diisocyanate olig 500-125-5 / CAS No. long-term inhalative (
Index N DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	long-term dermal (sy long-term inhalative long-term oral (repea long-term dermal (sy	No. 265-199-0 / CAS No. 64742-95-6 stemic), Workers: 25 mg/kg bw/day systemic), Workers: 150 mg/m ³ ted), Consumer: 11 mg/kg stemic), Consumer: 11 mg/kg bw/day systemic), Consumer: 32 mg/m ³		
PNEC:				
PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC	o. 601-022-00-9 / EC aquatic, freshwater: aquatic, marine wate sediment, freshwater sediment, marine wa sewage treatment pl 31 mg/kg	r: 0,327 mg/L r: 12,46 mg/kg ter: 12,46 mg/kg		
PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC		r: 0,01 mg/L r: 13,7 mg/kg ter: 1,37 mg/kg		
PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC		r: 0,044 μg/L r: 104 μg/kg dw ter: 10,4 μg/kg dw ant (STP): 3,26 mg/L		
PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC	o. 607-025-00-1 / EC aquatic, freshwater: aquatic, marine wate aquatic, intermittent sediment, freshwate	r: 0,018 mg/L release: 0,36 mg/L :: 0,981 mg/kg Sediment dry weight ter: 0,0981 mg/kg Sediment dry weight Sediment dry weight		
Index N PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC PNEC	aquatic, freshwater: aquatic, marine wate aquatic, intermittent sediment, freshwater sediment, marine wa , soil: 0,29 mg/m ³	No. 203-603-9 / CAS No. 108-65-6 0,635 mg/cm ³ r: 0,0635 mg/cm ³ release: 6,35 mg/cm ³ ∵ 3,29 mg/cm ³		
	one diisocyanate olig			
•	, 0			

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EC No. 500-125-5 / CAS No. 53880-05-0 PNEC aquatic, freshwater: 0,0015 mg/L PNEC aquatic, marine water: 0,0002 mg/L

PNEC sewage treatment plant (STP): 100 mg/L

8.2. Exposure controls

Provide good ventilation. This can be achieved with local or room suction. If this should not be sufficient to keep aerosol and solvent vapour concentration below the exposure limit values, a suitable respiratory protection must be used.

Personal protection equipment

Respiratory protection

If concentration of solvents is beyond the occupational exposure limit values, approved and suitable respiratory protection must be used. Use only respiratory protection equipment with CE-symbol including four digit test number.

Hand protection

For prolonged or repeated handling the following glove material must be used: NBR (Nitrile rubber)

Thickness of the glove material > 0,4 mm ; Breakthrough time: > 480 min.

Observe the instructions and details for use, storage, maintenance and replacement provided by the protective glove manufacturer. Penetration time of glove material depending on intensity and duration of exposure to skin. Recommended glove articles EN ISO 374

Barrier creams can help protecting exposed skin areas. In no case should they be used after contact.

Eye/face protection

Wear closely fitting protective glasses in case of splashes.

Body protection

Wear antistatic clothing of natural fibers (cotton) or heat resistant synthetic fibers.

Protective measures

After contact clean skin thoroughly with water and soap or use appropriate cleanser.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. See section 7. No additional measures necessary.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1.	Information on basic physical and chemical Physical state: Colour:	properties Liquid refer to label
	Odour:	characteristic
	Odour threshold:	not applicable
	Melting point/freezing point:	not applicable
	Initial boiling point and boiling range:	136 °C Source: ethylbenzene
	Flammability:	Flammable liquid and vapour.
	Lower and upper explosion limit: Lower explosion limit: Upper explosion limit:	0.98 Vol-% 8 Vol-% Source: Xylene
	Flash point:	25 °C Method: DIN 53213
	Auto-ignition temperature:	333 °C Source: 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
	Decomposition temperature:	not applicable
	pH at 20 °C:	not applicable
	Cinematic viscosity (40°C):	< 20 mm²/s
	Viscosity at 20 °C:	10 - 12 sec DIN 4mm
	Solubility(ies): Water solubility at 20 °C:	insoluble
	Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	see section 12
	Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	9.52 mbar

/ersio		.12.2022	BRILAC Härter Revision date: 10 Issue date: 10.12		EN Page 8 / 17
				Source: ethylbe	enzene
		r relative density	/ :	0.04	
	Density at 20			0.94 g/cm ³	
	Relative vapou particle charac	-		not applicable not applicable	
9.2.	Other information				
	Solid content:			21 weight-%	
	solvent conter				
	Organic solv Water:	ents:		79 weight-% 0 weight-%	
9E01		ility and reacti		o weight-70	
		ility and reacti	vity		
10.1.	Reactivity No information	available.			
10.2.	Chemical stab	ility			
	Stable when ap section 7.	plying the recom	mended regulation	ons for storage a	and handling. Further information on correct storage: refer t
10.3.	•	nazardous react n strong acids, si		strong oxidizing	agents to avoid exothermic reactions.
10.4.	Conditions to Hazardous dec		oducts may form v	with exposure to	high temperatures.
10.5.	Incompatible r not applicable	naterials			
10.6.				with exposure to	b high temperatures, e.g.: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide
SEC	TION 11: Toxi	cological infor	mation		
	Information or	hazard classes	s as defined in R	egulation (EC)	No 1272/2008
11.1.					
11.1.	Acute toxicity				
11.1.	Xylene				
11.1.	Xylene oral, LD50, Ra	at, male: 5,523 m Fest B 1	ng/kg		
11.1.	Xylene oral, LD50, Ra Method: EU	Fest B.1	ng/kg t, male: 6700 ppr	n (4h)	
11.1.	Xylene oral, LD50, Ra Method: EU inhalative (vaj ethylbenzene	Fest B.1 pours), LC50, Ra		n (4h)	
11.1.	Xylene oral, LD50, Ra Method: EU inhalative (vaj ethylbenzene oral, LD50, Ra	Fest B.1 cours), LC50, Ra at: 3,5 mg/kg	t, male: 6700 ppr	n (4h)	
11.1.	Xylene oral, LD50, Ra Method: EU inhalative (vaj ethylbenzene oral, LD50, Ra	Fest B.1 pours), LC50, Ra	t, male: 6700 ppr	n (4h)	
11.1.	Xylene oral, LD50, Ra Method: EU inhalative (vaj ethylbenzene oral, LD50, Ra dermal, LD50 dipentene	Fest B.1 cours), LC50, Ra at: 3,5 mg/kg	t, male: 6700 ppr	n (4h)	
11.1.	Xylene oral, LD50, Ra Method: EU inhalative (vaj ethylbenzene oral, LD50, Ra dermal, LD50 dipentene oral, LD50, Ra n-butyl acetate	Fest B.1 pours), LC50, Ra at: 3,5 mg/kg , Rabbit: 15,4 mg at: 5300 mg/kg	t, male: 6700 ppr	n (4h)	
11.1.	Xylene oral, LD50, Ra Method: EU inhalative (vaj ethylbenzene oral, LD50, Ra dermal, LD50 dipentene oral, LD50, Ra n-butyl acetate oral, LD50, Ra	Fest B.1 pours), LC50, Ra at: 3,5 mg/kg , Rabbit: 15,4 mg at: 5300 mg/kg at: 10760 mg/kg	t, male: 6700 ppr	n (4h)	
11.1.	Xylene oral, LD50, Ra Method: EU inhalative (vaj ethylbenzene oral, LD50, Ra dermal, LD50 dipentene oral, LD50, Ra n-butyl acetate oral, LD50, Ra Method: OEC	Fest B.1 pours), LC50, Ra at: 3,5 mg/kg , Rabbit: 15,4 mg at: 5300 mg/kg at: 10760 mg/kg	t, male: 6700 ppr	n (4h)	
11.1.	Xylene oral, LD50, Ra Method: EU inhalative (vaj ethylbenzene oral, LD50, Ra dermal, LD50 dipentene oral, LD50, Ra n-butyl acetate oral, LD50, Ra Method: OEC dermal, LD50 Method: OEC	Fest B.1 pours), LC50, Ra at: 3,5 mg/kg , Rabbit: 15,4 mg at: 5300 mg/kg at: 10760 mg/kg D 423 , Rabbit: 14112 r CD 402	t, male: 6700 ppr j/kg ng/kg		
11.1.	Xylene oral, LD50, Ra Method: EU inhalative (vaj ethylbenzene oral, LD50, Ra dermal, LD50 dipentene oral, LD50, Ra n-butyl acetate oral, LD50, Ra Method: OEC dermal, LD50 Method: OEC	Fest B.1 pours), LC50, Ra at: 3,5 mg/kg , Rabbit: 15,4 mg at: 5300 mg/kg at: 10760 mg/kg D 423 , Rabbit: 14112 r CD 402 st and mist), LC5	t, male: 6700 ppr		
11.1.	Xylene oral, LD50, Ra Method: EU inhalative (vaj ethylbenzene oral, LD50, Ra dermal, LD50 dipentene oral, LD50, Ra n-butyl acetate oral, LD50, Ra Method: OEC dermal, LD50 Method: OEC inhalative (du Method: OEC 2-methoxy-1-m	Fest B.1 pours), LC50, Ra at: 3,5 mg/kg , Rabbit: 15,4 mg at: 5300 mg/kg at: 10760 mg/kg D 423 , Rabbit: 14112 r CD 402 st and mist), LC5	t, male: 6700 ppr g/kg ng/kg 0, Rat: 23,4 mg/L e		
11.1.	Xylene oral, LD50, Ra Method: EU inhalative (vaj ethylbenzene oral, LD50, Ra dermal, LD50, Ra n-butyl acetate oral, LD50, Ra Method: OEC dermal, LD50 Method: OEC inhalative (du Method: OEC inhalative (du Method: OEC inhalative (du Method: OEC inhalative (du Method: OEC Semethoxy-1-m dermal, LD50	Fest B.1 pours), LC50, Ra at: 3,5 mg/kg , Rabbit: 15,4 mg at: 5300 mg/kg at: 10760 mg/kg cD 423 , Rabbit: 14112 r cD 402 st and mist), LC5 cD 403 ethylethyl acetate , Rabbit: > 2000 pocyanate oligom	t, male: 6700 ppr j/kg i0, Rat: 23,4 mg/L e mg/kg er		
11.1.	Xylene oral, LD50, Ra Method: EU inhalative (vaj ethylbenzene oral, LD50, Ra dermal, LD50, Ra n-butyl acetate oral, LD50, Ra Method: OEC dermal, LD50 Method: OEC inhalative (du Method: OEC inhalative (du Method: OEC inhalative (du Method: OEC inhalative (du Method: OEC Sophorone diis oral, LD50, Ra	Fest B.1 pours), LC50, Ra at: 3,5 mg/kg , Rabbit: 15,4 mg at: 5300 mg/kg at: 10760 mg/kg D 423 , Rabbit: 14112 r D 402 st and mist), LC5 D 403 ethylethyl acetate , Rabbit: > 2000 pocyanate oligom at: > 14000 mg/k	t, male: 6700 ppr j/kg i0, Rat: 23,4 mg/L e mg/kg er g		
11.1.	Xylene oral, LD50, Ra Method: EU inhalative (vaj ethylbenzene oral, LD50, Ra dermal, LD50, Ra n-butyl acetate oral, LD50, Ra Method: OEC dermal, LD50 Method: OEC inhalative (du Method: OEC inhalative (du Method: OEC inhalative (du Method: OEC Sophorone diis oral, LD50, Ra dermal, LD50, Ra dermal, LD50, Ra	Fest B.1 pours), LC50, Ra at: 3,5 mg/kg , Rabbit: 15,4 mg at: 5300 mg/kg at: 10760 mg/kg cD 423 , Rabbit: 14112 r cD 402 st and mist), LC5 cD 403 ethylethyl acetate , Rabbit: > 2000 pocyanate oligom at: > 14000 mg/k , Rat: > 7000 mg	t, male: 6700 ppr j/kg i0, Rat: 23,4 mg/L e mg/kg er g		
11.1.	Xylene oral, LD50, Ra Method: EU inhalative (vaj ethylbenzene oral, LD50, Ra dermal, LD50, Ra dermal, LD50, Ra n-butyl acetate oral, LD50, Ra Method: OEC dermal, LD50 Method: OEC inhalative (du Method: OEC 2-methoxy-1-m dermal, LD50 Isophorone diis oral, LD50, Ra dermal, LD50 Method: OEC	Fest B.1 pours), LC50, Ra at: 3,5 mg/kg , Rabbit: 15,4 mg at: 5300 mg/kg at: 10760 mg/kg cD 423 , Rabbit: 14112 r cD 402 st and mist), LC5 cD 403 ethylethyl acetate , Rabbit: > 2000 pocyanate oligom at: > 14000 mg/k , Rat: > 7000 mg cD 402 pours), LC50, Ra	t, male: 6700 ppr j/kg i0, Rat: 23,4 mg/L e mg/kg er g	. (4 h)	

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Methoo dermal	D50, Rat: 3492 mg/kg d: OECD 401 , LD50, Rabbit: > 316 d: OECD 402			
		rious eye damage/eye irritation		
	skin irritation.			
	serious eye irritation.			
ethylben Skin, F Cause eyes, F	zene Rabbit (24 h) s mild skin irritation.			
eyes				
Methoo No skir eyes Methoo	Rabbit (4 h) d: OECD 404 n irritation d: OECD 405			
	irritation			
Skin (4 Method Not to eyes	d: OECD 404 be classified as skin e			
Isophoro Skin, F Methoo non-irri eyes, F Methoo	one diisocyanate oligo Rabbit (4 h) d: OECD 404 itant.			
Hydroca Skin (4 Methoo Not to eyes Methoo	rbons, C9, aromatics h) d: OECD 404 be classified as skin e d: OECD 405	etching/irritant. e eye damage or eye irritation.		
	tory or skin sensitis			
May cau	se an allergic skin rea	action.		
dipenter	ie	e an allergic skin reaction.		
Method	acetate Guinea pig: ; Evaluatic d: OECD 406 mouse ear swelling t			
2-metho Skin: ; Methoo Respira	xy-1-methylethyl acet Evaluation not sensit d: OECD 406 atory system: a available	ate		

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Skin, Metho Respi	one diisocyanate oligo Mouse: ; Evaluation po d: Oecd 429 ratory system: ta available		
Hydroc Skin: Metho Not to Respi	arbons, C9, aromatics d: OECD 406 be classified as skin ratory system: ta available		
CMR ef	ffects (carcinogenici	ty, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduc	ction)
Hams Carcir	cell mutagenicity; Eva ter; Mouse; ovaries nogenicity; Evaluation d: Group II B (IARC):	-	izene)
No da Carcir No da Repro No da Lactat	cell mutagenicity ta available nogenicity ta available ductive toxicity ta available		
n-butyl Germ		aluation Ames test negative.	
Germ No da Carcir No da Repro No da Lactat	oxy-1-methylethyl ace cell mutagenicity ta available nogenicity ta available ductive toxicity ta available ion ta available	tate	
Germ No da Carcir No da Repro The a Genol Metho	oxicity in vitro d: OECD 471 (Ames	rovide any indications of reproductive toxicit	у.
Germ Not to Carcir No da Repro	arbons, C9, aromatics cell mutagenicity be classified as germ nogenicity ta available ductive toxicity ta available	n cell mutagen (mutagen).	
		DT-repeated exposure	
May on	uso rospiratory irritatio		

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

cle No.: nt date: rsion:	374 26.12.2022 8.0	BRILAC Härter Revision date: 10.12.2022 Issue date: 10.12.2022	EN Page 11 / 17
Liver a Cause exposi	and kidney damage; s damage to organs ure if it is conclusive	ty (repeated exposure) central nervous system (or state all organs affected, if known ly proven that no other routes of expos central nervous system; hearing organ	
Metho RTEC Depre	nzene ated dose toxicity, Ra d OECD 407 S-no.:; DA0700000 ssion of central nerv nent disorders; heac	ous system	
No dat Specif	ic target organ toxici ta available	ty (single exposure) ty (repeated exposure)	
centra Specif humar	ïc target organ toxici I nervous system; M ïc target organ toxici n; Prolonged or repe	ay cause drowsiness or dizziness. ty (repeated exposure)	of natural fat from the skin resulting in dermatitis (skin sness.
Specif No dat Specif	oxy-1-methylethyl ac ïc target organ toxici ta available ïc target organ toxici ta available		
Specif		ty (single exposure) Evaluation May	cause respiratory irritation. ased on available data, the classification criteria are no
Specif May ca Specif			iess.
Aspirat	ion hazard		
May be	fatal if swallowed an	id enters airways.	
dipente Aspira		ion May be fatal if swallowed and ente	rs airways.
n-butyl a Aspira		ion No classification for aspiration toxi	city
Aspira	oxy-1-methylethyl ac tion hazard be classified as asp		
	one diisocyanate oli tion hazard; Evaluat	gomer ion Based on available data, the class	ification criteria are not met.
Aspira	arbons, C9, aromatic tion hazard		

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Practical experience/human evidence

Inhaling of solvent components above the MWC-value can lead to health damage, e.g. irritation of the mucous membrane and respiratory organs, as well as damage to the liver, kidneys and the central nerve system. Indications for this are: headache, dizziness, fatigue, amyosthenia, drowsiness, in serious cases: unconsciousness. Solvents may cause some of the aforementioned effects through skin resorption. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and/or absorption through skin. Splashing may cause eye

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irritation and reversible damage.							
	Overall assessment on CMR properties						
	The ingredi	ents in this mixture	do not meet the criteria for clas	sification as CM	IR category 1A or 1B accor	ding to CLP.	
11.2.	Informatio	n on other hazards	;				
		disrupting proper tion available.	lies				
SEC	TION 12: E	cological inform	ation				
		on according to Reg w to enter into surfa	ulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [Cl ce water or drains.	_P]			
12.1.	Toxicity						
	Method:	ity, LC50, fish: 2,6 n OECD 203 city, ErC50, Pseudo	ng/L (96 h) kirchneriella subcapitata: 4,6 r	ng/L (72 h)			
		OECD 201	virabnarialla aubaanitata: 4.6 m	(72 h)			
	Method: (DECD 201	kirchneriella subcapitata: 4,6 m chus mykiss (Rainbow trout)	(96 h)			
	Method: (Daphnia t	OECD 203 oxicity, IC50, Daphr	ia magna: 1 mg/L (24 h)	. ,			
	Method: OECD 202 Algae toxicity, EC50, Selenastrum capricornutum: 2,2 mg/L (73 h)						
Method: OECD 201 Daphnia toxicity, growth test (Eb-Cx) 10%" , Daphnia magna: 1,91 mg/L (21 d) Method: OECD 211					1 d)		
	Method:	OECD 301 F	ated sludge: 16 mg/L (28 t)				
	Daphnia t Algae toxi Algae toxi Shellfish T	ity, LC50, Oncorhyn oxicity, EC50, Daph city, EC50, Skeletor city, EC50, Pseudol Foxicity, LC50, Mysi	chus mykiss (Rainbow trout): 4 nia magna (Big water flea) 1,8 nema costatum: 4,9 mg/L (72 kirchneriella subcapitata: 7,2 m dopsis bahia: > 5,2 mg/L (48 C50, microorganisms: 96 mg/L	s - 2,4 mg/L (48 h) ng/L (48 h) h)			
	dipentene		(f .	0.7			
	Daphnia te Assessme long lastin Method: (oxicity, EC50, Daph ent of aquatic toxicit ng effects. DECD 203	es promelas (fathead minnow): nia pulex (water flea) 0,42 - 0, y, LC50, Danio rerio (zebrafish	73 mg/L (48 h)): 0,32 mg/L (9	6 h); Evaluation Very toxic		
	with long I Method: (Assessme life with lo	lasting effects. OECD 202 ent of aquatic toxicit ng lasting effects.	y, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big y y, ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella s				
		OECD 201					
	Method: 0 Daphnia t Algae toxi Algae toxi	ity, LC50, Pimephal OECD 203 oxicity, EC50, Daph city, ErC50 city, EC50, Desmoc	es promelas (fathead minnow): nia magna (Big water flea): 44 lesmus subspicatus: 647,7 mg	mg/L (48 h)	1)		
		city, NOEC, Desmo	desmus subspicatus: 200 mg/l ymena: 356 mg/L (40 h)	-			
		diisocyanate oligon ity, LC50, Cyprinus	ner carpio (Common Carp): > 1,51	mg/L (96 h)			

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	Daphnia Method: Algae to Method: growth in Bacteria Method:	Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex V, C.1. Daphnia toxicity, EC50, Daphnia magna (Big water flea): 3,36 mg/L (48 h) Method: OECD 202 Algae toxicity, ErC50, Scenedesmus subspicatus: > 3,1 mg/L (72 h) Method: OECD 201 growth inhibition Bacteria toxicity, EC50, Activated sludge: > 10000 mg/L (3 h) Method: OECD 209 respiratory inhibition					
	Daphnia Method: Algae to Method: Fish toxi	OECD 202 xicity, EL50, Pseudo OECD 201	hnia magna: 3,2 mg/L (48 h) okirchneriella subcapitata: 3,8 mg/L (72 h) /nchus mykiss (Rainbow trout): 9,2 mg/L (96 h)				
	Long-terr	m Ecotoxicity					
	Harmful to	o aquatic life with lor	ng lasting effects.				
	Method: Fish toxi Daphnia Method: Daphnia Method: Algae to Method: Algae to Method: ethylbenz Daphnia Daphnia Daphnia	OECD 201 icity, NOEC, fish: > 7 toxicity, NOEC, fish: > 7 US EPA 600/4-91- toxicity, EL50, Dapl OECD 211 xicity, EC50, Pseudo OECD 201 toxicity, LOEC:, Da OECD 211 xicity, growth test (E OECD 201 ene toxicity, NOEC, Cen toxicity, LC50, Cen	phnia pulex (water flea): 1,17 mg/L (7 d) 003 hnia magna: 2,9 mg/L (21 d) okirchneriella subcapitata: 2,2 mg/L (73 h) phnia magna (Big water flea): 3,16 mg/L (21 d) Eb-Cx) 10%" , Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata: 0,72 mg/L (73 h) riodaphnia dubia (Wasserfloh): 0,96 mg/L (7 d) odaphnia dubia (Wasserfloh): 3,6 mg/L (7 d)				
	Algae to Daphnia	xicity, NOEC, Pseud toxicity, LOEC:, Ce	osomonas sp: 96 mg/L (24 h) dokirchneriella subcapitata: 3,4 mg/L (96 h) riodaphnia dubia (Wasserfloh): 1,7 mg/L (7 d)				
	Algae to Method:	OECD 201	dokirchneriella subcapitata: 0,07 mg/L (72 h)				
		nce and degradabil	ity				
	Method: Biodegra	nce and degradabili Rapid photochemic adation: 98 percent biodegradable (acco	cal oxidation in air				
	ethylbenz Biodegra		0 - 80 percent (28 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria)				
	dipentene Biodegra Method:	e adation: > 87 percer OECD 301D					
	n-butyl ac Persiste Biodegra	etate nce and degradabili	ty: Evaluation No data available (28 d); Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria).				

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Persistence and degradability: No data available Biolodgradation: Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria). Isophorone diisocynate oligomer Biolodgradation: 28 percent (28 d). Evaluation Not readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria). Method: OECD 301F aerobic; Activated sludge Hydrocarbons; C9, aromatics Biolodgradation: Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria). 2.3 Bioaccumulative potential Xylere Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3.49 ethylbenzene Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3.6 digentere Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 4.38; Evaluation Based on the n-octanol/water partition coefficient accumulation in organisms is possible. n-butyl acetate Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 1.2 Isophorone diisocynate oligomer Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 1.2 Isophorone diisocynate oligomer Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3.7 - 4.5 2.4 Mobility in soil Xylere soil: Evaluation Forganism Si possible. n-butyl acetate Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3.7 - 4.5 2.4 Mobility in soil Xylere soil: No data available Isophorone diisocynate oligomer Water: Si 2.8 - 7.6B; Evaluation The soil Water: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Water: Si 2.5 - 7.6B; Evaluation Floats on the water dipentene soil: No data available Isophorone diisocynate oligomer Water: 3.52 - 7.6B; Evaluation The substance hydrolyses rapidly in water. Method: OECD 111 Terest type: Hydrolysis: Half-life time:; at 22.6 °C Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics soil: No data available 2.6 Results of PBT and vPVB assessment The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPVB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. 2.6 Endocrine discognate dioxes No information available. 3.7 Other adverse offects No information available. 3.7 Other adverse offects No information available. 3.7 Other adverse offec	Article Print d /ersio	ate:	374 26.12.2022 8.0	BRILAC Härter Revision date: 10.12.2022 Issue date: 10.12.2022	EN Page 14 / 17	
Biodegradation: 28 percent (28 d): Evaluation Not readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria) Method: OECD 301F aerobic; Activated sludge Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics Biodegradation: Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria). 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential Xylene Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,49 ethylbenzene Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 4,38; Evaluation Based on the n-octanol/water partition coefficient accumulation in organisms is possible. n-butyl acetate Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 1,2 Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 1,2 September 300, aromatics Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 1,2 Isophorone discovanate (log KOW): 1,2 Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 1,2 Isophorone discovanate (log KOW): 3,7 - 4,5 12.4 Mobility in soil Xylene soil: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Water: Vater: Evaluation Floats on the water Igentrone soil: No data available No data available n-butyl acetate i No soil: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Water: No data available		Persistence and degradability: No data available				
 Biodegradation: Evaluation Readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria). 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential Xylene Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,49 ethylbenzen Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,6 dipentene Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 4,38 ; Evaluation Based on the n-octanol/water partition coefficient accumulation in organisms is possible. n-butyl acetate Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 1,2 Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 1,2 Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 1,2 Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,7 - 4,5 12.4 Mobility in soil Xylene soil: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Water: Evaluation Floats on the water dipentene soil: No data available No data available Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Water: 3,82 - 7,66 h; Evaluation The substance hydrolyses rapidly in water. Method: OECD 11 Test type: Hydrolysis; Half-life time;: at 22,6 °C Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics soil: No data available Results of PBT and vPVB assessment The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. 12.6 Endocrine discupting properties No information available. 2.7 Other adverse affects No information available. 		Biodegradation: 28 percent (28 d); Evaluation Not readily biodegradable (according to OECD criteria) Method: OECD 301F				
Xylene Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,49 ethylbenzene Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,6 dipentene Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 4,38 ; Evaluation Based on the n-octanol/water partition coefficient accumulation in organisms is possible. n-butyl acetate Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 1,2 Isophorne diisocyanate oligomer Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 1,2 Isophorne diisocyanate oligomer Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 2,3,7 - 4,5 12.4 Mobility in soil Xylene Soliticent n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,7 - 4,5 12.4 Mobility in soil Xylene Soliticent n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,7 - 4,5 12.4 Mobility in soil Xylene Soliticent n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,7 - 4,5 12.4 Mobility in soil Xylene Soliticent n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,7 - 4,5 12.4 Mobility in soil Xylene Soliticent n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,7 - 4,5 12.4 Mobility in soil Xylene Soliticent n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,7 - 4,5 12.4 Mobility in soil Water: Soliticent n-octano		•			OECD criteria).	
 Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,49 ethylbenzene Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,6 dipentene Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 4,38 ; Evaluation Based on the n-octanol/water partition coefficient accumulation in organisms is possible. n-butyl acetate Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 1,2 Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 1,2 Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): Evaluation Accumulation in organisms is not to be expected. Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,7 - 4,5 12.4 Mobility in soil Xylene soli: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Water: Evaluation Floats on the water dipentene soli: No data available Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,7 - 4,5 12.4 Mobility in soil Xylene soli: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Water: Soil: Evaluation Floats on the water dipentene soil: No data available Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Water: 3,62 - 7,66 h, Evaluation The substance hydrolyses rapidly in water. Method: OECD 111 Test type: Hydrolysis; Half-life time:; at 22,6 °C Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics soil: No data available 12.5 Results of PBT and VPVB assessment The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/VPVB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. 12.6 Ichocrine disrupting properties No information available. 12.7 Other adverse effects No information available. 	12.3.	Bioaccun	nulative potential			
Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,6 dipentere Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 4,38 ; Evaluation Based on the n-octanol/water partition coefficient accumulation in organisms is possible. n-butyl acetate Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): No data available 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 1,2 Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): Yugene soil: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Xylene soil: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Water: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil No data available n-butyl acetate i No data available n-butyl acetate i No data available Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Water: 3,62-7,66 h; Evaluation The substance hydrolyses rapidly in water. Method: OECD 111 Test type: Hydrolysis; Half-life time;; at 22,6 °C Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics soil: No data available No data available No data available No data available 15. Results of PBT and VPVB assessment The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/VPVB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. 16. Endocrine disrupting properties No information available. 17. Other adverse effects No information available.		Distribut		anol/water (log KOW): 3,49		
Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 4,38 ; Evaluation Based on the n-octanol/water partition coefficient accumulation in organisms is possible. n-butyl acetate Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): No data available 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 12 Bisphorone diisocyanate oligomer Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): Evaluation Accumulation in organisms is not to be expected. Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): Vylene soil: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Water: Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer volta available No data available Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Water: 3,62 - 7,66 h; Evaluation The substance hydrolyses rapidly in water. Method: OEC D111 Test Hydrolysis; Half-life time:; at 22,6 °C Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics soil: No data available 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, a		Distribut	ion coefficient n-oct	anol/water (log KOW): 3,6		
 Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): No data available 2-methosy-1-methylethyl acetate Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 1,2 Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): Evaluation Accumulation in organisms is not to be expected. Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,7 - 4,5 12.4 Mobility in soil Xylene soil: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Water: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Water: Evaluation Floats on the water dipentene soil: No data available n-butyl acetate i No data available Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Water: 3,62 - 7,66 h; Evaluation The substance hydrolyses rapidly in water. Method: OECD 111 Test type: Hydrolysis; Half-life time:; at 22,6 °C Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics soil: No data available 1.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties No information available. 12.7. Other adverse effects No information available. 		Distribut	ion coefficient n-oct		on Based on the n-octanol/water partition coefficient	
Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 1,2 Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): Evaluation Accumulation in organisms is not to be expected. Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,7 - 4,5 12.4. Mobility in soil Xylene soil: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Water: Evaluation Floats on the water dipentene soil: No data available n-butyl acetate : No data available Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Water: 3,62 - 7,66 h; Evaluation The substance hydrolyses rapidly in water. Method: OECD 111 Test type: Hydrolysis ; Half-life time:; at 22,6 °C Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics soil: No data available 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties No information available.		Distribut	ion coefficient n-oct	anol/water (log KOW):		
Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): Evaluation Accumulation in organisms is not to be expected. Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,7 - 4,5 12.4. Mobility in soil Xylene soil: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Water: Evaluation Floats on the water dipentene soil: No data available n-butyl acetate : No data available Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Water: 3,62 - 7,66 h; Evaluation The substance hydrolyses rapidly in water. Method: OECD 111 Test type: Hydrolysis ; Half-life time:; at 22,6 °C Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics soil: No data available 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties No information available.						
 Distribution coefficient n-octanol/water (log KOW): 3,7 - 4,5 12.4. Mobility in soil Xylene soil: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Water: Evaluation Floats on the water dipentene soil: No data available n-butyl acetate . No data available Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Water: 3,62 - 7,66 h; Evaluation The substance hydrolyses rapidly in water. Method: OECD 111 Test type: Hydrolysis ; Half-life time:; at 22,6 °C Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics soil: No data available 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties No information available. 12.7. Other adverse effects No information available. 					cumulation in organisms is not to be expected.	
Xylene soil: Evaluation Absorbs slowly into the soil Water: Evaluation Floats on the water dipentene soil: No data available n-butyl acetate : No data available Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Water: Water: 3,62 - 7,66 h; Evaluation The substance hydrolyses rapidly in water. Method: OECD 111 Test type: Hydrolysis; Half-life time:; at 22,6 °C Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics soil: No data available No data available 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties No information available. No information available.						
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 Isophorone diisocyanate oligomer Water: 3,62 - 7,66 h; Evaluation The substance hydrolyses rapidly in water. Method: OECD 111 Test type: Hydrolysis ; Half-life time:; at 22,6 °C Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics soil: No data available 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties No information available. 12.7. Other adverse effects No information available. 						
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The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII. 2.6. Endocrine disrupting properties No information available. 12.7. Other adverse effects No information available.	25			ssessment		
 2.6. Endocrine disrupting properties No information available. 2.7. Other adverse effects No information available. 	2.0.				cording to REACH, annex XIII.	
12.7. Other adverse effects No information available.	12.6.	Endocrin	e disrupting prope		.	
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	12.7.	Other adv	verse effects			
	SECT		Disposal conside	erations		
	3.1.	Waste tre	eatment methods			

Appropriate disposal / Product Recommendation

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	al according to directive		d its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Waste angerous waste. Dispose of waste according to applicable
080111	* Waste pa	/waste designations in accordance aint and varnish containing organic Directive 2008/98/EC (waste frame	solvents or other dangerous substances
Approp Recom	oriate disposal / Packag	,	
SECTION 14	4: Transport information	tion	
14.1. UN nur	nber or ID number	UN 1263	
Land tra Sea tra	p er shipping name ansport (ADR/RID): nsport (IMDG): sport (ICAO-TI / IATA-D	Paint PAINT GR): Paint	
14.3. Transp	ort hazard class(es)	3	
14.4. Packin	g group	UI	
14.5. Enviro	nmental hazards		
Land tr	ansport (ADR/RID)	not applicable	
	pollutant	not applicable	
	I precautions for user		
case of	ort always in closed, upr an accident or leakage. s on safe handling: see p	-	that persons transporting the product know what to do in
Furthe	r information		
Land to	ansport (ADR/RID)		
Tunnel	restriction code	D/E	
Sea tra	nsport (IMDG)		
EmS-N	0.	F-E, S-E	
14.7. Maritin	ne transport in bulk acc	cording to IMO instruments	
No tran	sport as bulk according	IBC - Code.	
SECTION 1	5: Regulatory inform	ation	
15.1. Safety,	health and environme	ntal regulations/legislation specif	ic for the substance or mixture
-	islation		
-		strial emissions [Industrial Emiss	ons Directive]
VOC-va	alue (in g/L): 746 al regulations		
	tions of occupation		
Observ applica Observ	e employment restriction ble. e restrictions to employ	ment for juveniles according to the	Directive 92/85/EEC or stricter national regulations, 'juvenile work protection guideline' (94/33/EC) or stricter
15.2. Chemi	I regulations, if applicabl cal Safety Assessment		
	following substances	of this mixture a chemical safety	assessment has been carried out:
EC No. CAS N	0.	tion	REACH No.
215-53 1330-2	,		01-2119488216-32

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203-603-9 108-65-6	2-metho	oxy-1-methylethyl acetate		01-2119475791-29
500-125-5 53880-05-0		one diisocyanate oligomer		01-2119488734-24
202-849-4 100-41-4	ethylbe	nzene		01-2119489370-35
204-658-1 123-86-4	n-butyl	acetate		01-2119485493-29
265-199-0 64742-95-0	,	arbons, C9, aromatics		01-2119455851-35
223-810-8 4083-64-1	4-isocya	anatosulphonyltoluene		01-2119980050-47

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of classification in	section 3	
Acute Tox. 4 / H312	Acute toxicity (dermal)	Harmful in contact with skin.
Acute Tox. 4 / H332	Acute toxicity (inhalative)	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin Irrit. 2 / H315	Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irrit. 2 / H319	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE 3 / H335	STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT RE 2 / H373	STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (or state all organs affected, if known) through prolonged or repeated exposure (state route of exposure if it is conclusively proven that no other routes of exposure cause the hazard).
Asp. Tox. 1 / H304	Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Flam. Liq. 3 / H226	Flammable liquids	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Skin Sens. 1 / H317	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Flam. Liq. 2 / H225	Flammable liquids	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
STOT SE 3 / H336	STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411	Hazardous to the aquatic environment	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Resp. Sens. 1 / H334	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Aquatic Acute 1 / H400	Hazardous to the aquatic environment	Very toxic to aquatic organisms.
Aquatic Chronic 1 / H410	Hazardous to the aquatic environment	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification procedure

Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]					
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids	On basis of test data.			
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation	Calculation method.			
Eye Irrit. 2	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Calculation method.			
Skin Sens. 1	Respiratory or skin sensitisation	Calculation method.			
STOT SE 3	STOT-single exposure	Calculation method.			
STOT RE 2	STOT-repeated exposure	Calculation method.			
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard	Calculation method.			
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment	Calculation method.			

Abbreviations and acronyms

/ loor of lation of an a	or onlyine
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit Value
BLV	Biological Limit Value
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
CLP	Classification, Labelling and Packaging
CMR	Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic
DIN	German Institute for Standardization / German industrial standard
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EAKV	European Waste Catalogue Directive
EC	Effective Concentration
EC	European Community
EN	European Standard
IATA-DGR	International Air Transport Association – Dangerous Goods Regulations

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IBC Code			and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous	
ICAO-TI	Goods b		n Technical Instructions for the Safe Trans	port of Dangerous
IMDG Code	Internati	onal Maritime Code for Dangero	ous Goods	
ISO	Internati	onal Organization for Standardiz	zation	
LC	Lethal C	oncentration		
LD	Lethal D	ose		
MARPOL	Maritime	Pollution: The International Co	nvention for the Prevention of Pollution from	Ships
OECD	Organisa	ation for Economic Cooperation	and Development	
PBT	persister	nt, bioaccumulative, toxic		
PNEC	Predicte	d No Effect Concentration		
REACH	Registra	tion, Evaluation, Authorisation a	nd Restriction of Chemicals	
RID	Regulati	ons concerning the Internationa	I Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail	
UN	United N	lations		
VOC	Volatile	Organic Compounds		
vPvB	very per	sistent and very bioaccumulative	e	

Further information

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

The information supplied on this safety data sheet complies with our current level of knowledge as well as with national and EU regulations. Without written approval, the product must not be used for purposes different from those mentioned in section 1. It is always the user's duty to take any necessary measures for meeting the requirements laid down by local rules and regulations. The details in this safety data sheet describe the safety requirements of our product and are not to be regarded as guaranteed attributes of the product.